

## MYC (8q24) Gene Amplification Probe Detection Kit

**[Product Name]** MYC(8q24) Gene Amplification Probe Detection Kit (Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization Method).

### [Product Intended Use]

This kit performs in situ hybridization staining on the basis of conventional staining to provide physicians with auxiliary information for diagnosis. The test results are for clinical reference only and should not be used as the only basis for clinical diagnosis. Clinicians should make comprehensive judgment on the test results based on factors such as the patient's condition, drug indications, treatment response and other laboratory test indicators.

### [Detection Principle]

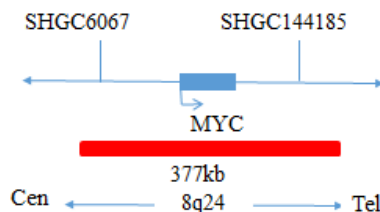
Fluorescence in situ hybridization is a technique for directly observing specific nucleic acids in cells in vitro. According to the principle of complementary base pairing, a specific probe is complementary to the target sequence in the cell. Because the probe is fluorescent, the hybridization probe and the target sequence can be clearly observed under a fluorescence microscope under the appropriate excitation light and the genetic status is observed.

### [Product Composition]

The kit consists of C-MYC/CEP8 dual-color probes as shown in Table 1.

**Table 1 Kit composition**

Component name	Cat.#	Specifications	Quantity	Main components
C-MYC/CEP8 dual color probe	FP-015	100μL/Tube	1	C-MYC Orange probe CEP8 Green probe



### [Storage conditions & Validity]

This kit is shipped below 0°C. Keep sealed away from light at -20°C± 5°C. The product is valid for 12 months. Avoid unnecessary repeated freezing and thawing that should not exceed 10 times. After opening, within 24 hours for short-term preservation, keep sealed at 2-8°C in dark. For long-term preservation after opening, keep the lid sealed at -20°C± 5°C away from light.

### [Applicable Instruments]

Fluorescence microscopy imaging systems, including fluorescence microscopy and filter sets suitable for DAPI (367/452), Green (495/517), and Orange (547/565).

### [Sample Requirements]

1. Applicable specimens' types: Surgical excision or paraffin-embedded biopsy specimens.
2. The tissue should be fixed with 4% neutral formaldehyde fixation solution within 1 hour after in vitro. After tissue fixation, it should be regularly dehydrated and embedded in paraffin.

### [Testing Method]

#### 1. Pretreatment

Baking: Slides heating at 80°C for 30min or 65°C for 2h or overnight.

Dewaxing: According to the customer laboratory protocol (Commonly with Xylene for 15min).

Hydration: Take out the slides and put them respectively into 100%, 85% and 70% EtOH at room temperature for 3 minutes each.

Take out the slides, and immerse them in deionized water for 3 minutes. Remove the excess of water on the slides by air-drying.

Permeation: Immerse the slides in deionized water at 100°C and boil continuously for 20-40 minutes (Conventional 20min). Remove the excess of water on the slides by air-drying.

Digestion: Protease enzymic digestion at 37°C for 10-40 minutes. Mix the protease work buffer (50mmol HCl) and the 10x protease solution (Pepsin concentration 5%) in a proportion of 9:1 to prepare the enzymatic digestion solution.

Washing: Wash with 2xSSC at room temperature for 5 minutes.

Dehydration: Take out the slides and dehydrate in 70%, 85%, and 100% gradient ethanol at room temperature for 2 minutes each time. Remove the excess of EtOH solution on the slides by air-drying.

## 2. Denaturation and Hybridization

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

① Take the probe at room temperature for 5 minutes. Briefly centrifuge manually (do not use vortex or shaker instrument). Take 10µl droplet in the cell and drop in the hybridization zone, immediately cover 22mmx22mm glass slide area; spread evenly without bubbles the probe under the glass slide covered area and seal edges with rubber (edge sealing must be thorough to prevent dry film from affecting the test results during hybridization).

② Place the glass slide in the hybridization instrument, denature at 88°C for 2 minutes (the hybridizer should be preheated to 88°C) and hybridize at 45°C for 2 to 16 hours.

## 3. Washing

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

① Take out the hybridized glass slides, remove the rubber on the coverslip and immediately place the slides into 2xSSC for 5 seconds, and gently remove the coverslip.

② Place the glass slides in 2xSSC at room temperature for 1 min.

③ Remove and immerse the slides in a 0.3% NP-40/0.4xSSC solution preheated at 68°C for 2 min.

④ Immerse the glass slides in deionized water at 37°C for 1min, and dry naturally in the dark.

## 4. Counterstaining

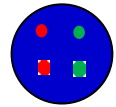
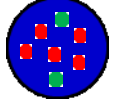
The following operations should be performed in a darkroom

10µl DAPI compound dye is dropped in the hybridization area of the glass slide and immediately covered. The suitable filter is selected for glass slide observation under the fluorescence microscope.

## 5. FISH results observation

Place the stained slides under a fluorescence microscope and confirm the cells area under a low magnification objective (10×). Under magnification objective (40×) a uniform cells distribution is observed. Then the nuclei FISH results are observed under the high magnification objective (100×).

### [Common Signal Type Interpretation]

● MYC signal	● CEP8 signal
	<b>Negative:</b> 2 fusions (Negative: 2F)
	<b>Positive:</b> 2 Green ; n Orange (n≥3) [Positive: 2G-nR (n≥3)]

MYC: Orange-red (R) pattern; CEP8: Green (G) pattern



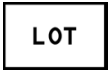








**Test Method Limitations**

- ① The results of this kit will be affected by various factors of the sample itself, but also limited by hybridization temperature and time, operating environment, and limitations of current molecular biology technology, which may lead to erroneous results.
- ② The user must understand the potential errors and accuracy limitations that may exist in the detection process.

**[Precautions]**

1. Please read this manual carefully before testing. The testing personnel shall receive professional technical training. The signal counting personnel must be able to observe and distinguish orange red and green signals.
2. When testing clinical samples, if it is difficult to count the hybridization signals and the samples are not enough to repeat the retest, the test will not provide any test results. If the amount of cells is insufficient for analysis, again, the test will not provide test results.
3. The formamide and DAPI counterstaining agent used in this experiment have potential toxicity or carcinogenicity, so they need to be operated in the fume hood and wear masks and gloves to avoid direct contact.
4. The results of this kit will be affected by various factors of the sample itself, but also limited by enzyme digestion time, hybridization temperature and time, operating environment and limitations of current molecular biology technology, which may lead to wrong results. The user must understand the potential errors and accuracy limitations that may exist in the detection process.
5. All chemicals are potentially dangerous. Avoid direct contact. Used kits are clinical wastes and should be properly disposed of.
6. This product is for clinical diagnosis and scientific research.

**[Explanation of Symbols]**

	Use by		In vitro diagnostic medical device
	Batch code		CE marking
	Manufacturer		Warning sign
	Catalogue number		European Authorised Representative
	Temperature limitation		Consult Instructions For Use
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests		

**European Representative**
**Kingsmead Service B.V.**

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**[Manuscript version and approval date]**

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